Knight Dyderik von Runne and his brother Rodolf

were, around the year 1300, mentioned a few times in the Weser march. The feudal register of the Counts Of Hoya and various documents entered in the Hoya Document Book, named the family name in Latin “de Runne” or the new high German “von Runne”.

The name “Runne” changed itself somewhat in the 16th Century into

>> VON RONNE <<

and then, according to the church, from the middle of 17th Century, into

>> VON RÖNN / E / N <<

However, there remained, here and there, older notations of a few surviving family branch. One wrote very often according to the way he heard.

The Baron von Hodenberg noted for us in the Hoyer document book I, IV, S.62 L.12:

“…..to the seventh part of the land….

Lord Dyderick von Runne Knight and Rodolfus his brother….”

On page 39 L.5, is pointed out for Dyderik’s property in Magelsen (by Hoya) and in Ecgesse (by Gross-Mackenstedt), located westward from Gödestorf:

“Thidericus de Runna
duos ansos in Magelsen et duos in Ecgesse”

Further on, in the Hoyer document book I, IV, was recorded, around 1300, Knight Dyderik on page 63 L.5 and, that again, indeed on page 67 L.16:

>> Lord Dyderik von Runne Knight <<

The Knight Dietrich and his brother Rudoph, also around 1300 had the house Gödestorf, which previously belonged to Klencock. A Heinrich Klencock was “Castellanus” at Thedinghausen.

Further chronicle information in listed in sequence on the next pages!

Febr. 2003

VR 033
Discoveries,
Chronologically Sequenced

1300  Diedrich von Rönne, Knight and Lord at Gödestorf.

Approximately 1300, under the feudal owners listed in the register of the Counts of Hoya are named “Dyderik and Rodolf, armour bearer Clencock” On places 4., 5., 11., and 48. On place 66, “Lord Dyderik von Runne knight and his brother Rodolf in place 94 and, on place 266, “Lord Dyderik von Runne Knight”. There was also mentioned a brother Ortgis on place (48).

What might this name-likeness mean? Before 1300, “Seat” “Runne” was abandoned. Was it through the death of the fathers? The mother could have married a Clencock, the knight who reared the brothers and to them bequeathed the “Tenth” at Gödestorf! This explanation appears very logical; however, is not provable!

1326  Rudolf von Rönne, Knight and Lord at Gödestorf.

Listed under the knights of Count Otto von Bruchhausen and Aldenburg, this second Rudolfus de Runna, on April 30, 1326, was named to be “One of the youngest knights. Ten years later, in 1336, is this villager at Brook-Huchtingen, southwestward from Bremen, is afterward read as recorded in the Bremen Document book 11, Nr. 397:

On May 4, 1336, is testified that RODOLFUS DE RUNNA MILES Thidericus Knoke et Johannes de Stenderun, famuli, that in their universorum militarium concastellanorum in Brochuchtige present Hermannus famulus, Elysabeth ac Alheydis, liberi Berneri dicti Creveth, Nostri concastellani of everything right on each by Hemannum de Verda, castellan in Delmenhorst famulum, sold four 1/4\(^{th}\) pieces of land.

Date: Year d. 1336, in crastino inventionis sancte crucis.

Already, the Counts Otto von Bruchhausen and Aldernburg’s grandfather, Count Ludolf of Aldenburg, had received, in addition, through his marriage with Hedwig von Wölpe (?), the county Aldenburg. A county Bruchhausen, on the contrary, should not have been given—only the “House Bruchhausen!” The younger Rudolf von Runne at Gödestorf had “House, People, Tenth”, as laid out in the Hoyer Document Book I. IV. S. 24. L. 23.

“Item Rodolfus de Runna domun in Godestorpe cum hominibus attinentibus et decimam ibidem.”

Who, Knight Dietrich von Rönne, mentioned around 1300, could, also, well have been his father.
1336  The name in Livland (Liefland)

In Livland, the name had already appeared in the 14th Century, where, in the year 1336, a Johann von Rennen was pointed out as the cathedral lord at Dorpat. This one belonged to the ministerial of archbishops, with which Mushard was not well acquainted. One hundred years later, was another Johann von Rennen vested with land by Archbishop Henning von Scharfenberg, land which Johann, himself, cultivated. In Livland, now, evolved an “Out of the marsh” line, which reached the highest standing, and, wherefrom, in the year 1709, after the Battle Of Poltawa, the Russian Czar Peter I convened to Carl Ewald von Rönne the rank Of General and to the position of Baron and, in 1732 confirmed by the Polish King August III. by means of a new coat of arms. - More about this line in the Baltic area in the last part of this chronicle.

1340  Wilhelm von Rönne, owner at Gödestorf.

This one had, in 1340, taken over the “Tenth” at Gödestorf, according to Hoya Document Book I, IV, Page 32, L.12 and lived also at the same place:

“Item filius Wilkini de Runne decimam in Godestorpe et domum ibidem.”

Wilkini (Williken) would have been the older son and heir of Dietrich von Runne, who had since years inherited Gödestorf, owned the “Tenth” and was now dead. In 1423, as a result 83 years later, were mentioned “Robert, Hinrick, Eler, Williken and Hermann von Runne” southward from Bremen.

1372  Conrad and Heinrich von Rönne, Oederquart in Kehdingen.

In his dissertation about “The Knighthood of the Archbishopric Bremen”, the historian Otto Merker, On page 79, wrote about the first of the von Runnen, who lived between the Elbe- and the Oste- River:

“Dat hogestse rechte unde dat sydeste mit Korn, Schmalzehnt and the Zehnhof over Siebenhöfen is older possessor Kehdinger Nobleman Basilius von Nindorf … from it through buying of Inheritance, as a result to Cunrad van deme Runne and, as a result, this son Heinrich van Runne extended a “shield bearing family from the marsh”, which, then, however, belonged to the parish Osten.” (Out of the marsh = Wesermarsh!)

The same source was, for certain, made use of by Pastor Heinrich Borstelmann, in the year 1929, for the book

“The Family tidings of the Land Kehdingen,”.

( Die Familienkunde des Landes Kehdingen )

Pastor Borstelmann wrote on page 146 of his work:

“Hinrik van deme Runne, son of Cunrad, sold in the year 1372 to several Stade inhabitants, i. e. the family discussions book and, from the Gheren, for 80 Mark Hamburg pfennig dat hogeste and sydeste unde dem koorne Tedheden myt deme smalen Tedheden over soven hove, de beleghen sint in deme kerspele thor Oederquard in deme lande tho Kedinghen unde dortho dem Teshof darsulvest…myt acker buwet unde unghebuwet myt grevenschatke myt bede myt aller regticheyt unde slachtenuteke (=using each fashion, manner, tool or way) etc.
The identification of Cunrad van deme Runne with the Ostinger noble family followed on the basis of a documentary transcript (Knighthood Archive Stade), as, in also, the

“Monumenta Nobilitatis Antiquae .. (Mushard and von der Decken),

where, in the year 1450, totally and unequivocally, the name form “van deme Runne” for the Family “von Rönne” was applied. Cunrad was born before 1320; Hinrik before 1350.

1375 Friedrich von Rönne, Wichtern in Kehdingen

Already, before the year 1375, that the Vrederike Runneken alias Friedrich Runne had a farm in Wichterden, was evidenced in Stade city books.

1402 Kurd, Klaus and Johann von Rönne, Land Mecklenburg

In the Lisch-v.Behr document book III, S. 148/149, in the year 1402 was documented the Oath of Truce of a Kurd (Kord or Kunrad?) von Rönne, sealed as by Nicolaus and Johann von Rönne with the inscription,

“It has the appearance, of this old knightly, yet now, in Curland flowering family line, which, namely in Holstein, was living. Also belonged to the vassals of the Duke of Mecklenburg and, and was very prosperous in the land.”

Of the residence in Land Holstein nothing was discovered. The Curland family line certainly came from the domain of the Bremen archbishops. At one time, also, the bishopric Bremen managed the christianizing of Osten. The forenames Cord, Klaus and Johann belonged, in later decades, t the mostly used name of von Rönne, in the lower Elbe area.

1423 Robert von Rönne, Hude near Bremen,

The “Robert van Runne armor bearer” affirmed over to the K. Hude, with son and grandchildren, all claims regarding the “Tenth” at Wostenbutle” by Huder Kopiar (Oldenburger Staatsarchiv 296-7-3)

14. Heilewich von Rönne, Rastede on the south end,

The widow Heylewich van Runne, wanhaftig nu thor tiid Rasstede Oppe dem Suderende hefft vor un bekandt, wo se sodann landt undt gudt, daar se mede beerweth ist, genannt Bergekem gudt, ghelegen in the Nygenbroke, gave over with all possessions. (Nygenbroke - Neubrich - by Mackenstedt)

Febr. 2003

VR 036
14. Knight Timme von Rönne

Was he grandfather of the first appointed judge?
In the state archives Of Bremen (Post, Stemmata, page 516), both brothers Timme and Eler van deme Runne, sons Of Timme, were recorded. Indeed, both names are not mentioned in later decades, as they were, otherwise, gone out of use.

The Runne-line, in the Oldenburgish, had in the coat of arms 3 birds (doves). The Lords von Duvenworth at Hiddigwarden, also, bore one such coat of arms!

1450 Dietrich von Rönne, first judge of family in Osten parish

In the “Monumenta Nobilitatus Antiquae Familiarum Illustrium…” to the memory of the very old, well known highly noble family line, especially of the high noble Knighthood in the Dukedom Bremen and Verden”, written by the Co-rector Luneberg Mushard (Bremen 1708) we find interesting information about the judgeship of Osten; to wit…

In the year 1450, had lived Diederich von Rönne and has the judgeship in the parish of Osten from the Archbishop Gerhardo to tenure accepted.

Note: (Vid. MSC Archi-Episcopi Joh. Roden f.m.103)

The Archbishop Gerhard III, of the Count Hoya lineage, from 1442 to 1463, had ruled. After the inglorious departure of the Lords of Ostenhagen out of the Osten area, the industrious descendants of the family von Rönne were installed, who lived in the area approximately a hundred years.

The office of the judge remained 200 years in the family's possession and fell to the oldest son and heirs of the Lord Judges, who, all had their ancestral seat at Altendorf. In 1648, was the entitlement awarded to the Swedes who immediately seated in parish Osten new judges of their choice.

Toward the end of the 15th Century, 24 “Frees”, out of the parish Osten belonging to farming businesses in Altendorf, Isensee and Hüll, had to pay the refuge treasure tax, a middle ages land tax, to the Bremen archbishop.
1475 Otto, Johann and Erich von Rönne, Renters at Osten

Otto van deme Runne, resident at Altendorf, in the year 1475, sold to the church sovereign at Osten, Pastor Hinrike Yercke, a “Renthe (lease without end) to eneme ewigen Erfkope” and named with it his wife Mette and his son and heir Johan.

The land piece in the agreement is described: Wedemegut in the West, Wechverdeel in Osten, from the Weghe up to the cabbage field of Gerd Sogen. Note: Witnesses—Cousin Erick van deme Runne and Hinrick Düreyar of Stade…1500 Sogen wrote “Soyen” (This and That)

1500 Dietrich, Claus, Erich von Rönne, Altendorf / Osten

Mushard noted these three brothers in Monumenta Nobilitatus…: In the year 1500, were living Diederich, Claus and Erick von Rönne. Id. MSC 1.c.

Note: In the Vorder register of 1500 and earlier (!) is entered: vam Runne, Dirik, Clawes and Erik! - Otto had arable land at Lamstedt!

1531 von Rönne at Düringen?

Otto von Hude, Cord’s son, shield-bearer had recorded a land grant at Düringen, which he in a normal manner had purchased from the Rönnes; in the year 1531 his uncles Johan and Ghysen van Düring, brothers, had taken up.

1533 Claus von Rönne at Altendorf is in the so-named register of the Osten parish.

1536 Jacob von Rönne, Bishop at Roskilde Denmark

named, as “Bishop at Rotschild in Denmark”. (Post Stemmata, Bremen, StA).

1541 Christoffer, Johann, Hinrich von Rönne

Christoffer van ronne (at the mill), Johann and Hinrick (Office, Neuhaus) are in the register of the “Thaler treasuries”. (Stade 5 b/102/24/111).

1542 Augustin von Rönne, Kehdingbruch

According to the family chronicle of Düring, Augustin van Runne, “Son of Cordt”, had married Grete von Düring of the old noble family of Düring.

In 1543, Augustin von Rönne kept account of the “Crop Fund contributions”.

1542 Hinrick, Clawes and Mathias von Rönne

Keep account, from 1543 to 1549, of the “Crop Fund”. In addition, Hinrick, in 1548, by “Tom stich im diks”!, (Was it a fictional story?) in the office Neuhaus/Osten.

1549 Barthold von Rönne, Fünfhausen at Altendorf

On “Wilken Hadelers Hoff upa Vifhusen in Oldendorpe wanet Bartold vom Runne”.

Note: Vifhusen (Altendorf) was already as a trade center in 1378 mentioned. (H. Gerdts / State Archive Hannover)

Febr. 2003

VR 038
1550 Detlev von Rönne, sitting heir to Geversdprf and Balje

It is said: “In the year 1550, Lord Hinrich Plate, as heir to the inherited seat at Drochtersen, who, from his wife Adelheid, daughter of Detlev von Rönne, seated authority at Geversdorf and Balje, lived next to the other children and heirs. The Lords left behind Johann Platen the archbishoprics of the whole land Kehdingen’, Heirs at Nindorff and Dornbusch”. Count Johann Platen, in 1585, owned the cabbage land, after which, it is thought, his mother Adelheid before 1530 and the grandfather Detlev von Rönne around 1500 were born.

1560 Nobleman Gerdt von Rönne, Altendorf in Osten parish

The later judge, in the year 1560, signed an “Agreement” of the knighthood of Archbishopric Bremen” as agent of the Ostinger nobleman. 1571 was Gerd von Rönne “Judge”, his brother Barhold “Dike duke” named. 1572 “Knight” Cordt, Barthold and Claus are listed in the knighthood register of Bremen. 1577 and 1593 was Gerdt, titled “Heir Judge”.

1566 Christoffer vom Runne, of the Hüll

Brought civil action before the Lamstedt court, because Jacob von Bole had promised him “with unnueth wordenn..”. Jacob von Bole must, because of it, pay a fine of 6 Thaler (taler). (out of the Lamstedt register)

1568 Gerdt von Rönne at Altendorf is “free”

Hinrich and Claus va Rönne, keep account of the “Crop Fund contributions”.

1572 Gerdt, Claus and Barthold von Rönne

“In the year 1572, are three of this family line in the Muster Roll of the Bremen knighthood with the names Claus,, Gordt and Berthold von Rönne mentioned”. (Mushard - Knighthood Archive).

1576 Detleff von Rönne, Successor at Geversdorf and Balje

Buys from “brother-in-law Drewes….” Three pieces of land. Detleff’s father, Clawes von Rönne, seen named below (1577), brother Barthold (1578), were named “the Elders”.

1577 “the Crop Fund collected”

Gerd von Rönne (Judge) for “dat Carspel before Osten in office Newhaus”, Clawes (Claus) von Rönne for “dat Carspel tho Geversdorf”. In the parish Osten, Clawes von Rönne accounts (for 30 half acres of land), and Johan von Rönne. (This one otherwise was nowhere mentioned).
1578 One Tax Reichstaler, also “Ein Daler Plogschattes” named and paid.

Clawes vom Rönne  Carspel at Geversdorf,
Bartold the Elder,  for Claws von Rönne, Altendorf,
The young Bartold,  for formerly Claus Starkens Gute.
Clawes vom Rönne,  for formerly Juergen Brunss’ Gute,
Hinrich vom Rönne,  Grotenwürden (1578, 1581, 1588, 1590).

Register of a Daler Treasury < for the lands Kedingen, Nienhaus, Lambsted, Orel, Osten and Oldendorp. On 22 December 1578, from the Bremen Knight and Land groups, granted for the common fiscal maintenance for the stone ditches, through the whole Bremen bishoprico
From the whole Bröham = 1 Taler, half Bröham = 1 Taler
Cottage with arable land = 8 Pfennig and Flat with garden = 4 Pfennig

1583 Claus von Rönne, Geversdorf (Detlef’s brother)

owned 47 Half-acres of Land at Geversdorf (14-pfg-Bede).

1585 Detlef von Rönne, Judge at Geversdorf

Johann Peters, the “Dutchman”, in 1581, was on the Detlef von Ronnen landed estate in the parish Balje. The page of the Bremen monastery, Detlef von Rönne, Judge and seated heir in the parish Geversdorf and at Balje, sold, in 1585, to the Claus von Decken, the elder on the “Stellenfleeth”, three “ruten” of land in Wichtern (North Kehdingen), located next to Gerdt von Ronne’s land. Note: Pointed out were: Gerd, Bartold and Claus von Rönne, godfathers and brothers.

1586 Gerdt von Rönne, Altendorf in parish Osten

The Judge Gerdt von Rönne, in the Osten parish, sitting successor, sold, in 1586, to Claus of the Decken six “Ruten of land in Wichtern (North Kehdingen), which he had “from his forefathers honorably received” for 5000 mark.
Detels, Bartoldt and Claus von Rönne approved this land sale of their father’s!

(State Archives Hannover:/ Celle 105 b, box 117, Nr. 168)

1588 The “16-Pfennig cash assets of the resident benefitted
Hinrich von Rönne in Grosswörden, Clawes von Rönne in parish Geversdorf, as well as, Hermann Ronne (Eggerkamp?).

1592 Ortgies von Rönne, Hamelwörden (Judge Gerdt’s son)

Sold his “house Altendorf” by the Hamelwordner church to Otto von Düring for 14,300 mark, relocated himself to Altendorf in the Osten parish and had, between 1592 and 1606, had a case in court disputing against Claus Cammen the church seat at Osten. (1616: Ortgies and Borchart are brothers!)

Note: (F.190, NO. 106 Stade).

1600 Christopf von Rönne of Kehdingen

belonged to the monastery of the Closter Stade.

Febr. 2003

VR 040
1604 **Bartold von Rönne**, heir to sovereignty at Altendorf

Bartold "frees the judges" in the parish Osten. Was the Judge Gert living yet? Hinrich and Claus von Rönne Accountants for the “One Reichsthaler Crop Fund” in the Osten Parish.

1609 **Nikolaus von Rönne** in the Hamburg Brother Book (shipping!)

The Society of “the English Traveler”, in 1609, had a Nikolaus von Rönne listed in the so-named Brothers Book Fryars Book,(on page 66), and, after that, in the year 1615, under the older people. He married with Anna, daughter of Hans Schers from Lüneborch.

1613 **Drewes von Rönne**, “by the Lake”

As a resident, without being mentioned in a further statement. He was the son of Klaus and had a baptism with uncle Drewes as sponsor”…! (see 1576).

1616 **Johann a.k.a. Gert von Rönne**, at Verden on the Aller River

Johann, a.k.a. Gert von Rönne, a son of the hereditary sitting Judge Gerd von Rönne, in 1616, bought the possession “Eitze”, from Gesche of Medem by Verden, and married, in the second marriage, Magdalene von Mandelsloh, heiress to the great Coppel in Achim’schen.

1617 **Barthold von Rönne**, Judge and deceased Gerdt’s son.

As , in the year 1981, the church tower of St. Petri Church in Osten must be repaired, which offered itself the opportunity to take a closer look at the bell Of the clock tower. The Osten historian Richard A. Rüsch wrote about this in a report, that this bell, according to the inscription, was donated in 1617 by the judge at that time, Judge Barthold von Rönne.

1621 **Otto von Rönne**, Judge Gerdt’s son

Acquired, during the 30 Years War on August 19, 1621, an estate in Berleben, which is located northward from Magdeburg; and six days later, yet a Free farm near Magdeburg from Ludolf von Alvensleben. His nephew Erasmus von Rönne and Maria von Wersabe had then occupied it. In 1663, the Duke of Saxony, transferred the land grant Barleben to the sons Johann, Wulf-Hinrich, Asmus and Luder. Otto von Rönne, (deceased Gerdt’s son) lived yet in 1641 and died without descendants.

1621 **Claus von Rönne** at Altendorf

As well as the brothers Gertt and Heinrich von Rönne, concluded a hunting contract with the family Drewes at Isensee.
1627 Johan von Rönne, Ortgies his son, at Altendorf
Bought himself a farm in the “Wilden Moor”.- Borchert von Rönne (Barthold’s son), Judge Hinrich and Johann’s brother-in-law Otto (no name) are citizens or witnesses. In the year 1637, Johann von Rönne (he was in the meantime, since 1629, judge at Osten), bought four pieces of land between Landweg and Osten, “which from Cousin Borchert stemmed”. Citizen was Johann’s “Brother Borchart”. (Burchard - Borchert).

1634 Detlef von Rönne, Geversdorf and Balje
Data concerning the resignation to the counts and the chief people of Kehdingen, as result of guidance from Preacher Henrich Desserock, to Vörde, in the one time Detlef von Rönne at Ballie Meierhöfe (Ballie-Balje!).
State Archive Stade F165 Nr.48.

1636 Johann von Rönne, Judge in the Osten Parish
Mayor Heino Hintze, from Stade, sold a land grant, with appurtenances, in the Osten parish to the Judge Johann von Rönne at Osten.
State Archive Stade F168 Nr.34.

1636 Erich von Rönne, Fabric merchant at Osten
According to the Hamburg Citizen book-register (S.087a), the fabric merchant Erich von Rönne paid 50 Reichsthaler citizen’s tax, and married, in 1637, Elisabeth Wiechmann. He came “from Osten” and established a family in Hamburg.

Treasury and military contributions described

1634 Claus von Rönne, at Grossenwörden, had 3 horse, 1 cow, 1 Pip
1635 Diederich von Rönne, at Osten, had 6 pach katen, 2 cows
1636 Christopf von Rönne, at Balje (Geversdorf)
His “extra farm” is of sundry parts of church grants at Ballie, a little special grant. Christoph von Rönne belonged to the Ballie farmers and had 6 horses, 5 cows, 3 beef cattle, 6 pigs and 4 sheep

1637 Hermann von Rönne, Oederquart
Hermann’s “extra farm”, in the Eggerkamper farmer’s association, since 1637, made hay. On it lived a farm manager. Already, in the year 1588, a “Herman ronne” paid the Thaler treasury.
1637 Borchert von Rönne, Barthold's son

Borchert cultivated a farm at Krummendeich, “the land belongs to Claus von der Decken junior, who received it from the deceased Dietrich”. –
He had 6 horses, 5 cows, 3 beef cattle, 6 pigs and 3 sheep.

1637 Otto von Rönne at Freiburg

The later free villager count (?), in 1637, in the family business at Osterstellerfleter -
12 horses, 12 cows, 8 beef cattle and 12 pigs.

1638 Barthold von Rönne, Geversdorf, had a farm at Balje

1657 Johan von Rönne, Ex-Judge in Parish Osten

Data, concerning the amount for the “Tenth” Obligation at the Osten parish, and relative to the bailsmans, Johann von Rönne and erstwhile H. Schmoldt heirs owing the remaining “Tenth” rent money, and to whom, for that reason, those from the cathedral at Bremen with the royal Swedish government at Stade sought after the default, --as well as the assignation of this in arrears rent money to the cathedral as a paid contribution.

1657 Landed estats of “von Rönne” in Parish Osten

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Acres of Land</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Claus vom Rönne, Altendorf</td>
<td>95</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>“Captain” Gertt vom Rönne</td>
<td>47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>“Lord” Heinrich vom Rönne, Gertt’s brother</td>
<td>72</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Borchart vom Rönne, Johan’s brother?</td>
<td>16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Diederich vom Rönne, Kirchdorf Osten</td>
<td>18 + ½</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1657 Invasion of the Danes into the former bishopric Bremen

This sudden attack by the “visiting” danish troops hit the “von Rönnes” especially hard. Otto von Rönne, at Freiburg, the Counts of Nordkehdingen, were, as his Colleague Stucke, out of Bützfleet, together with his documents, carried off to Glückstadt.
Ex Judge Johann von Rönne, at the urging again of the parishioners in the Office, after a short hesitation, in 1658, must flee before the Swedes to Glückstadt. Because he “to the enemy clung”, his possessions were confiscated.

1657 About the cottage owners at Osten

Farm managers, who owned their own flats, were for the most part designated as cottage owners. In 1657 there were under 53 house owners in Osten; only 5 residents with accompanying ground. To Captain Gertt von Rönne’s land grant house in Altendorf belonged 1 manager and to Squire Otto von Rönne likewise 1 manager. The other managers were lease holders: by C. von Brook (7), C. H. von Brook (1), A. von Brook (1), J. Kröncke (4), or they lived on the ground owned by the parish (10) and on the pastors landed estates (21).
1657 Continued

Under the listed cottage owners were: blacksmiths, day laborers, shoemakers, tailors, sailors and ship’s servants, shop keeper, corn seller, wheat baker, bread baker, brewer, or malt dryer, innkeeper and stein maker, carpenter, wheel maker and linen weaver. The fishermen caught in the Osten River, sturgeon, salmon, river eel, etc.

Many years later (1799), it was established, that in Osten Parish, out of the farm lessees, only a few (land settlers) hewers survived, and “only 10 true property owners were to be found”. Included were: Baron von der Schulenburg (6), the dike supervisors (20), D. Schlichting (9), widow von Rönne (7), widow Hadeler (6), 1. The Parish (36) and 2. The pastors (4).

1669 The dike law / Altendorf extractions

Under the following “field pieces”, there is no area unit to understand, for the ditches separating pieces were not everywhere the same length; however, in the parish Osten of considerable length. This register Of 1669, used by Dr. Hahn, were entered, who must keep up the church village maintenance.

He named The Squire Otto von Rönne with 8 pieces Of land
The Captain Gertt von Rönne with 10 pieces Of land
The Squire Johann von Rönne with 9 pieces Of land

The comparison with the register 1701 shows, that the 8 pieces of Otto von Rönne were now owned by Jürgen Drewes (4), Peter Schlichting (3) and Gerd von Rönne (1) and the 9 pieces of Ex Judge Johann von Rönne’s went to Barteldt Mahler. Captain Gertt’s 10 pieces inherited by his sons Gerd and Burchard von Rönne.

Gerd’s son, Sylvester-Hinrich, was the following inheritor, who died in 1724 (41). His sons Earl-Hinrich, Christian-Wilhelm and Claus-Hinchrich sold their shares from 1756 to 1790 to Peter and Jacob Schlichting.

General Major Earl Hinrich von Rönne was land grant lord at Nesse and Loxstedt, where’to, Christian-Wilhelm also moved, in the meantime the Claus-Hinrich died in Osten in 1769.

1658 Otto von Rönne, heir successor at Laak (Freiburg)

The Kehdinger Knight Roll of 1658 and 1678 included the names Otto von Rönne, who, in 1657, was named Count of the Land Kehdingen, northern part.

1660 Peter and Johann von Rönne, Parish Hamelwörden

Peter and Johann were removed from the military service roll (burdens of war cancellation).

1663 Asimus von Rönne, Lord at the land grant estate Barleben, by Magdeburg

Now, the Duke Of Saxony transferred the “feudal tenure at Barleben” to the sons Of Asimus von Rönne, namely Johann, Wolf-Heinrich, Asmus and Luder von Rönne. Otto von Rönne had the land grant (feudal tenure), acquired in 1621, transferred to his nephew.
1675 Clauß, Detleff, Hinrich and Johan von Rönne, Grossenwörden

As the “Münsterianer” were invading and besieging Stade, they needed yet more soldiers. As a result, on the 3rd February 1675, adhering “as strong, the officially seated cottage people, cottage owners and residents in Horst and Grossenwörden appeared on the Muster Roll at Himmelporten.

Clauss von Rönne (cottager) appeared with a fire rod (gun).
Detleff and Hinrich (cottager owner and warehouseman) had a short sword (Glaive).

On 7 April 1675, Clauss von Rönne received the Engelschoff in Himmelporten, that he “should be able to use the land succession”. On the basis of old age or frailty, could not appear on the Muster Roll: Detleff and Hinrich von Rönne, both “are 65 years old”.

With the “Lords of the Cloister, church vicars and other noble managers would Johan von Rönne be listed as “absent” without official connections.

1694 Barthold von Rönne heirs

Donated a 37 centimeter high wine tankard (flagon), silver and with gold plate on the lid lifter is inscribed thus “In honor of Bartolt von Rönne, by his heirs to the honor of God to the church at Osten for adornment. Year 1694, 9 October”.

The merchant and trader in the parish Osten Barthold von Rönne died in the year 1691, his wife Anna in 1693. Their heirs were Barthold (1662-1696), Diederich (1665-1706), Margreth (1670-….), and Johann (1674-1716). Yet in 1745, the children of cottagers Barthold and Johann von Rönne owned 10 church pews for their families.

1733 “Madame von Rönne”

(thought to be Anna Hedewig, sister of Hinrich’s widow), sold her “Dormann’schen” in the Osten parish to Jacob Schlichting.

1757 Borchart von Rönne, Altendorf

Borchart’s manor received a new inscription above the balcony door: “Jacob Schlichting and Anna Schlichting gave birth to Drewes on 31 May 1757”.

Comments on the titles:
Counts in Kehdingen = 1. Agent of the land Kehdingen (Otto von Rönne until 1660)
Judge successor in Osten = 1. Agent of the Osten parish (von Rönne 1450-1648)
Dike supervisors or dike judge = Overseer and director of dike matters (dike law).
Captain or Lieutenant etc. = Military service grades!
Meier = a lessee of a farm or of a land grant (land lessee),
Bröham, Baw = a complete farm, half Bröham and half Bawe are half farms,
Plachkaten = cottage owner with farm land, Küchkaten = Flat with a garden,
Hausmann = House and farm owner, Baumann = farmer.